

LAST HONORS TO DEAD FIRE CHIEF

Two Hundred Members of the Force Accompany the Body of Martin H. Coleman to Church and Grave.

MEN AT ENGINE HOUSES PAY TRIBUTE TO THE HERO.

Enormous Crowds Filled the Streets as Funeral Procession Passed—Mgr. Edwards Eulogized Dead Fireman.

The funeral of Battalion Chief Martin H. Coleman, the hero of the Mott street fire, which took place this morning, was an impressive ceremony. Accompanied by some 200 firemen, associates of the dead man, the funeral party went from the late residence of the dead hero to the Church of the Immaculate Conception on East Fourteenth street, near Avenue A, and after the service there, went to Calvary Cemetery by a circuitous route, passing several engine houses, where the fire companies lined up to pay a last tribute to the memory of the dead man.

All the morning the body lay in state in the parlor of the Coleman home at No. 36 East Fourteenth street. Those who wanted to view the remains were allowed to enter the house by the front and leave by a rear door. In all some 5,000 people availed themselves of the opportunity to take a last look at the man who so cheerfully gave up his life in the service of duty.

Dressed in Full Uniform. The body was attired in the full uniform of a battalion chief and on the breast was pinned the Bennett medal which the conspicuous bravery of the dead man on other occasions won for him a year ago. The body rested in a plain black casket at the rear of the foot of which was Coleman's uniform hat.

The room was literally full of flowers, among them a cross of autumn leaves and roses from Truck No. 11, a wreath of pink and white roses from Chief Burns, a wreath of white roses from Chief Bronson, the millionaire commander of the celebrated Laramont Fire Department, a wreath of autumn leaves and roses from Simon Brenzano, a well-known "Buff," a column of autumn leaves and roses from the employees of Hermann & Company, in the destruction of whose building Coleman lost his life. In front of the casket were flowers from Truck No. 3, a similar cross from the employees of the Dewey Theatre, a cross of roses surmounted by a dove from Engine Company No. 5 and a small bunch of white roses from Dolie, Coleman's youngest child.

There was an outpouring of flowers from the house when the body was carried out, but it was an orderly crowd, and every head was bowed when the pallbearers appeared carrying the casket.

Chief Burns Led Honor Guard.

The guard of honor, seventy-five of the most intimate personal associates of the dead chief, lined up around the hearse, led by Chief Burns. In addition to these men there were some 200 other firemen in the procession who took advantage of their day off to pay a last tribute to their dead friend.

At the church, which was crowded, a mass for the dead was said. It was celebrated by Rev. Frank Barry, assisted by Fathers Hughes and Dean and the pastor of the church, Mr. Edwards.

Acting Chief Kruger, Deputy Chief Ahearn, Commissioner Sturges and Secretary William Leary were among those who walked to the church from the house, and they were followed by an enormous crowd. It was a solemn procession. As it passed the house of Engine Company No. 5 at Fourteenth street and First avenue, the engine and tender, draped in deep black, were brought out and the entire company lined up on the curb with bowed heads. As the body passed the bell of the engine was tolled.

At the church there was so great a crowd that the police had difficulty in making a way for the funeral party to get through. Every seat, save those reserved for the children and relatives of the dead man, was occupied, and the aisles were fairly jammed with people. The four children of the dead chief, orphaned by the fire in which he lost his life, came in front of the funeral party, hand in hand, and as they took their seats sobs were heard all over the church.

Mass for the Dead.

The service began with the celebration of a mass by the Rev. Frank Barry, assisted by Fathers Hughes and Dean. At the conclusion of the mass, Mr. Edwards, the pastor of the church, and a life long friend of the dead man, preached a brief sermon in eulogy of his life.

"This man who now lies dead before you," said Mr. Edwards, "was in every sense of the word a Christian man. He was a man who, so far as we know of his life, was not afraid to face his Maker. He was a model husband, a model father, a model fireman. His first thought was ever of his duty—his duty to the department in which he served so long; his duty to the religion in which he believed."

"He was an attendant of this church; he knelt at its altar and received the sacrament. He was a God-fearing man and not afraid to face his Maker. That is Christian courage. Let it be a warning to you all, his comrades, to draw the line between what true bravery means and the bravado of the brute."

At the conclusion of the sermon the entire congregation sang "Nearer, My God, to Thee," after which the funeral party passed.

ENORMOUS CROWDS IN THE STREET WATCHING THE FUNERAL OF BRAVE FIRE CHIEF MARTIN H. COLEMAN.

SPECIAL PHOTOGRAPHED BY AN EVENING WORLD STAFF PHOTOGRAPHER.



WIFE ASKS FOR \$5,000 ALIMONY

Mrs. Arthur L. Smith in Suit for Separation Makes Charges of Cruelty—Husband Enters a General Denial.

Application was made before Justice Fitzgerald in the Supreme Court today for \$5,000 alimony and suitable counsel fees in a suit for separation brought by Florence Thayer Smith against Arthur L. Smith.

Mrs. Smith makes general charges of cruelty, using the words "very refinement of cruelty."

The couple were married in Washington ten years ago, and moved to Brooklyn three years after marriage, living at 110 Prospect Park, West. They are now living together. It being a house divided within itself.

In affidavits submitted Mrs. Smith says that the household expenses are about \$10,000 a year, and that her husband's income is \$20,000 a year. They have one child.

Smith was connected with the New York Life Insurance Company for many years. He makes a general denial of the charges.

Justice Fitzgerald reserved decision.

ARCHBISHOP FARLEY WILL VISIT ROME

Intends to Personally Settle with the Propaganda Several Important Pending Questions.

ROME, Dec. 24.—Archbishop Farley, of New York, is expected to visit Rome in 1937, to personally settle with the Propaganda of the Propaganda several pending questions, including the appointment of an Auxiliary Bishop of New York, and particularly concerning the consecration of St. Patrick's Cathedral, New York.

CORONER HAS NO MONEY.

No Appropriation Made for Richmond Borough.

When the Board of Estimate and Apportionment made its appropriation for 1937 the Board members forgot all about the existence of a Coroner in Richmond Borough. The consequence was that Coroner Schaefer will soon find himself without money for office rent or contingent expenses.

"I am not going to pay it out of my own pocket," the Coroner declared today. "If there should be a call for it, I will have to go to the Board of Estimate and Apportionment."

"I don't know what will be done."

When There Was an Explosion That Killed McCray.

James McCray, steward of the Universal Club, of Brooklyn, went in search of a gas leak in the basement of the club-house today. He says he did not have a lighter match with him at the time.

There was a report that was heard for blocks on either side of No. 65 Fleet street, where the explosion occurred. McCray was propelled thirty feet out of a rear window. He landed on his head. In snuffing up the damages, McCray found his head singed and his bushy eyebrows gone. No bones were fractured.

HUSBAND WANTS HIS WIFE'S WAGES

Warren L. Frost, Earning \$9 Weekly, Is Paying Her \$4, but Says He Really Can't Afford It.

Mrs. Katherine Frost may have to pay her alimony and send the rest of her salary as a "maid" in a trading stamp store to her husband, Warren L. Frost.

Frost says his wife earns more than he does, and that he is entitled to all her earnings, as her husband, under the common law. At least that is what his lawyer, Emanuel I. S. Hart, will contend when he is heard by Judge McMahon in General Sessions on his appeal from the Magistrate's order compelling Frost to pay his wife \$4 a week.

Frost is employed as a guard on the Elevated railway, and his earnings are only \$7 to \$9 a week, while Mrs. Frost earns \$10 weekly salary. She charges him with abandonment and non-support.

He says that, after living many years with her folks in One Hundred and Forty-third street, his wife disappeared last July, and did not return until October. In the mean time he removed his belongings to another flat.

"But," Frost says, "she never came there and I claim that she abandoned me."

Magistrate Baker said he must pay \$4 a week to her, nevertheless. So Frost gave a bond for \$300.

Now, when he gave that bond, under the law, he barred himself from an appeal to be relieved of the order to pay the allowance. He had the right to apply for a reduction of the allowance, however, and his counsel, Mr. Hart, did this. In order to get into the Appellate Court Judge McMahon granted the appeal and it will be heard next week in the Court of General Sessions.

Then Hart will spring the common law point that Frost is entitled to his wife's earnings and demand that she deduct the weekly allowance from her salary and send the balance to her husband.

BOYS HELD AS BURGLARS.

Accused by the Police of Robbing a Store.

John Taylor, seventeen years old, residence refused; and William Crutcher, eighteen years old, of No. 52 Second avenue, pleaded guilty to a charge of burglary before Magistrate Zeller in the Harlem Court today and were held in \$2,500 each for trial.

Phelan and Trunk of the East Eighty-eighth street station noticed last night that the glass in the door of the clothing-store of Friedman Brothers, at No. 62 Third avenue, had been broken. He heard people walking about inside. They entered, and found about \$200 worth of clothing tied up for removal.

Taylor was found on the second floor, where Phelan went after him. When Taylor saw Phelan he opened the window and jumped to the sidewalk, Phelan found him there and arrested him.

In the main man, Crutcher, was found in the store room, and offered no resistance. The \$200 which had been stolen from the cash register was found later in Crutcher's possession.

HAD HUSBAND ARRESTED.

Mrs. William T. Lord Said He Abandoned Her.

Mary F. Lord, of No. 234 Covert street, Brooklyn, had her husband, William T. Lord, arraigned today in the Gates avenue Police Court. She said he abandoned her in 1933.

They were riding a Third Avenue "L" train at that time, according to her story, and he said, "wait a minute." He left and did not come back. Mrs. Lord declared that her husband was earning \$35 a week and that he ought to be made to contribute to the support of herself and their two children.

Lord testified that the choice lay between his wife and his two children and his mother and his sisters. He said his wife refused to live with his mother and sisters, and then he left her.

SINGER STOLE WHILE STARVING

Miss Florence Pilgrim, Formerly of Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church Choir, Pleads Guilty to Larceny Charge.

The sending of Florence Pilgrim, until a short time ago a singer in the choir of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church, to the Tombs was a godsend to her and her mother. The daughter was visited in her cell daily by her mother and there divided with her her little portion of the prison food, and both were sustained.

Florence Pilgrim, twenty-two years old, thin, but neatly dressed, was in a big Broadway store on Dec. 12 when she overheard Dr. Percy Malcolm, of No. 48 East Twenty-sixth street, order a bill of goods to be charged to him.

She went to another part of the store and selected a skirt and a feather boa, amounting to \$48, said she was Dr. Malcolm's daughter and ordered the goods charged to her father. She pawned the goods, and a few days later she returned to the store to get a spoon of thread and was identified by the house detective and arrested.

In the Tombs Miss Elliott, a probationary officer of the Court of General Sessions, observed that each day Miss Pilgrim was visited in her cell by her aged, infirm and poorly dressed mother with whom she divided her food.

Miss Elliott to investigate, and she found that Miss Pilgrim and her mother came to New York from an up-state town three years ago. Miss Pilgrim had a fine voice and she came to take a high-salaried position in the choir of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church. Several months ago her voice failed her and she lost her position.

"You have to have a good voice for rich people," she was told.

Then she and her mother, reduced in income, moved into the miserable little room on an upper floor of No. 30 West Forty-third street and there tried to earn their living by doing fancy embroidery work. But the work was slow, it was a luxury with a small demand, and soon there was a rent bill to pay. The gas was turned off and a candle was found sufficient. Two meals did in place of three.

Starving, She Stole. Lower and lower they got. Sometimes they did not have one meal. But there was always religious fervor. They went to prayer meeting every Wednesday night. They went to church every Sunday morning. Of course, they were too poor to go to a Fifth avenue church, but they found religious consolation in a less pretentious west side church, where the people did not dress so fine.

Then the landlord came around and said that if they couldn't pay their rent they would have to get out. Miss Pilgrim, with insufficient food, crazed by the desperation of her condition and that of her mother, went to the big store resolved to come back with money for food at least. And that was where she fell.

This story was told to Judge McMahon in the Court of General Sessions today by Miss Elliott and by Agent Kimball, of the Prison Aid Society. Miss Pilgrim insisted on pleading guilty, saying there was no need of adding lying to larceny, and the Judge said:

"I am going to parole you in the custody of Miss Martin, a good woman who will look to your future."

Mrs. Martin is a member of the Society of Friends at Court, and lives at No. 105 East Twenty-ninth street. She hurried Miss Pilgrim and her mother from court, saying that the less said of the case the better.

It was through a woman that Merrill was discovered in New York and his identity made known. He married Miss Cathie Kimball, of New York, and through her the detectives traced Merrill to his home on Riverside Drive, New York. He was in Boston during the years of his successes, and went to New Mexico after a great fight was made against the extradition of Merrill, but he was finally taken from New Mexico, where he was held in custody.

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MOODY MERRILL DIES A FUGITIVE

Financier and Politician Who Lived a Double Life While Detectives Sought Him Met Death in New Mexico.

(Special to The Evening World.) BOSTON, Dec. 24.—Moody Merrill, accused of embezzlement, and a fugitive, is dead, according to a telegram received in Boston today by his son, Winthrop M. Merrill. The dispatch stated that Mr. Merrill had died at 10 o'clock this morning at Silver City, N. M.

The mother of the death of Merrill was the first information received in Boston of his whereabouts since he failed to appear in October to answer to indictments against him charging embezzlement. At that time he defaulted his bond of \$10,000.

Although all of his interests were in Silver City, where he had been President of the Silver City National Bank, the authorities were unable to ascertain that he was there. District Attorney Stevens had asked Chief Inspector Watts to use every endeavor to apprehend the fugitive, but failed.

His Strange Career. Merrill, whose career was a latter day romance, was famous as a financier and politician and ranked high in this city until he was charged with embezzling hundreds of thousands of dollars. That was ten years ago. Nothing was heard of him until in June of this year when he was found in New York and arrested on a charge of withholding \$10,000 from Sarah Cohen, of Boston.

During the ten years Moody lived under the alias of Charles F. Grayson at Silver City, N. M., where he built up a fortune which reached almost half a million dollars, detectives were searching for him in Europe, Asia, Africa and America.

Not a trace or a clue to his locality was found, and the sleuths of several continents gave up the quest for the man whose double life is of deep interest and rivals works of fiction founded upon this phase of human eccentricity.

Opened a Bank. Merrill, as Charles Grayson, started a bank, had correspondents in New York and other big American cities and handled the affairs of Charles F. Grayson, who was his identity was revealed in this city in 1924.

Charles F. Grayson was a real estate promoter and promoter of a dozen enterprises, all in the nature of State and Federal aid, and he was a politician, grew steadily. Then came politics, Merrill embarked with an idea to make himself a political power.

He had been sent to the State House of Representatives after the election of 1922, but his ambition then looked toward the Mayoralty of Boston. He was enthusiastically nominated for that office by the Republican party of the city.

Legislator at Washington. In New Mexico he was a promoter of engineering and banking enterprises. Having successfully eluded the vigilance of the detectives set upon his track, he went to the Southern States to begin life anew. He became one of the big boys of the territory of New Mexico to Washington to advocate a Statehood bill, and he was one of the Board of Regents of the Territorial Normal School.

In Washington he came face to face with men he had formerly met as Moody Merrill. But they did not recognize him. He married Miss Cathie Kimball, of New York, and through her the detectives traced Merrill to his home on Riverside Drive, New York. He was in Boston during the years of his successes, and went to New Mexico after a great fight was made against the extradition of Merrill, but he was finally taken from New Mexico, where he was held in custody.

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FIGHT TO RELEASE ALLEGED RIPPER

Attorneys for Emil Totterman, Accused of Killing Sarah Martin, Have Asked for a Writ of Habeas Corpus.

Attorneys for Emil Totterman, known in connection with the murder of Sarah Martin as "Jack the Ripper," today secured from Justice Scott in the Supreme Court a writ of habeas corpus directing the production of the accused before him on Saturday next with a view of demanding his release on the ground that the Constitution does not permit the commitment of a person on affidavit based on matters of mere knowledge and belief.

The petition on which the writ was issued was made by Lawyer Frederick E. Goldsmith, who set forth that Emil Totterman is confined in the City Prison on an alleged charge of homicide in connection with the death of Sarah Martin on Sunday evening, Dec. 23. The commitment was made by Coroner Jackson on the complaint of Detective Sergeant Cronin.

It is claimed to be illegal, because the mandate by virtue of which he is detained is not sufficient in form or substance, and does not sufficiently charge him with the commission of an act which warrants his imprisonment, and because no sufficient complaint has been made against him charging him with such an act, and no evidence produced to substantiate the charge.

The writ of habeas corpus is directed to the City Prison, and the writ of certiorari directing Coroner Jackson to make full return of the proceedings upon which he committed Totterman.

There is a chance that the writ will be granted. The case is now in the hands of the City Prison.

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ONE SECRET OF BOX MYSTERY IS SOLVED

Contest Over William Moore Will Bring Out Statement That Testator Was the Son of "William Van Rensselaer."

(Special to The Evening World.) GLENS FALLS, N. Y., Dec. 24.—The relationship of the late William Moore, the wealthy Glens Falls lumberman, to the "Van Rensselaer" estate was partly cleared up today at the second hearing in the contest of his will before Surrogate Jonathan C. Moore.

It was stated vaguely that he was "the son of William Van Rensselaer." All other details were withheld. Moore left an estate of \$200,000, which was distributed among his widow, daughter and grandson and others.

There was also a bequest which gave to the grandson the "Van Rensselaer estate," with the statement that a full explanation regarding it would be found in his safe deposit box in the vaults of the Glens Falls National Bank.

When the will was read the bequest as to "Van Rensselaer estate" created a sensation, as there was no knowledge by relatives or any one else of the existence of such property, which was reported to amount to at least \$200,000.

The grandson contested the will. There is a chance that the will will be granted. The case is now in the hands of the City Prison.

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WRONGED WOMAN LEFT TO STARVE

Mary Mooney Tells a Pitiful Story of Desertion by Man Whom She Accuses of Living a Double Life.